

Zevachim – Simanim פרק ז – חטאת העוף

Daf 70 – ע קד

1. The prohibitions of טריפה and טריפה take effect on חלב

2. If מליקה is *metaher* בעלי מומן, and even geese and chickens

Rebbe Meir taught that מליקה even prevents *tumah* of a bird which is a טריפה. Rebbe Yochanan says that Rebbe Meir only considered them *tahor* if they were תמימין – *unblemished*, but regarding בעלי מומין, he agrees they are *metamei* as בילה. Rebbe Elazar disagrees, and says Rebbe Meir would even consider עבילה advor when killed with מליקה. Rav Bivi said that Rebbe Elazar went further and said that even regarding אוזין ותרנגולין – *geese and chickens*, which are not valid species for *korbanos* at all, Rebbe Meir would still rule them *tahor* when killed with advirance as a מליקה. Rebbe Yirmiyah asked: עבילה on a goat (killing from the back of the neck, like an electronly because they are part of the bird category, whereas a goat, which is not in the same category as an עריפה – *domesticated animal*, the שריפה would be effective to prevent its *tumah*?

3. An עגולה ערופה is tahor when killed through עריפה

Abaye observed that Rebbe Yirmiyah's inquiry above about עריפה ערופה on a goat presupposes that an פרה כתיב בה כקדשים on a goat presupposes that an כפרה כתיב בה כקדשים – atonement is written about it, like kodashim, so it is similarly tahor when properly killed. This is challenged from a Baraisa which darshens a passuk to teach that the cheilev of an עגלה ערופה is tahor (although the עגלה ערופה) is forbidden in any benefit). If the שחיטה would be tamei? The Gemara agrees that where שריפה was performed on it, it is certainly tahor, and even שחיטה would prevent it from becoming a עריפה The passuk is teaching that where the עגלה של is still tahor. This proves that an use is forbidden in benefit even without עריפה being performed (since the Baraisa is discussing an עגלה ערופה), and Rebbe Yannai reported when it becomes forbidden: ירידתה לנחל איתן היא אוסרתה - its descent to the hard valley is what prohibits it.

Siman - Eye Doctor

The eye doctor whose Eye Chart featured two pieces of איסור with the בבילה on a rubber chicken that squawked "tahor" on a rubber chicken that squawked "tahor" and had a fun עריפה on that mooed "tahor."

DAF 70 | דף ע

Eye Doctor



The eye doctor whose Eye Chart featured two pieces of איסור with the בבילה זם and בבילה מריםה written on them, tested eye-hand coordination by having his patients do pretend מליקה on a rubber chicken that squawked "tahor" and had a fun עגלה ערופה toy that kids in the waiting room could do עגלה ערופה on that mooed "tahor."

things to remember

- 1. The prohibitions of נבילה and מריפה take effect on חלב
- 2. If מליקה is metaher בעלי מומן, and even geese and chickens
- 3. An עגולה ערופה is tahor when killed through עריפה

